# graphic made by Mireia Soler, GRAI group

# REDUCING TEACHERS' RESISTANCE TO RECIPROCAL PEER OBSERVATION

Ribosa, J., Corcelles-Seuba, M., Morodo, A., & Duran, D. (2023). Reducing teachers' resistance to reciprocal peer observation. *European Journal of Education*. Advance online publication. https://doi.org/10.1111/ejed.12606

This work was supported by the Spanish Ministry of Science and Innovation [PID2020-113719RB-I00].





396 in-service teachers 227 from a Catalan network of schools (i.e., Xarxa de Competències) & 167 from the Balearic Islands



# DATA COLLECTION

Teachers' Resistance to Reciprocal Peer Observation Scale (α = 0.877), used as pretest and posttest, including two factors:

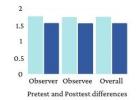
- Resistance to the observer role
- Resistance to the observee role



### AIMS OF STUDY

FIRST AIM:
PRETEST-POSTTEST
DIFFERENCES IN TEACHERS'
RESISTANCE TO RECIPROCAL
PEER OBSERVATION

# DATA ANALYSIS AND RESULTS



There was a significant decrease in resistance to reciprocal peer observation from pretest to posttest, both overall and for each role (p value < .001).

SECOND AIM:
THE EFFECT OF
DEMOGRAPHIC VARIABLES
AND PERCEPTION OF SCHOOL
SUPPORT IN TEACHERS'
INITIAL RESISTANCE TO
RECIPROCAL PEER
OBSERVATION

Demographic variables	Role of observer	Role of observee
Gender		
Years teaching		
Educational stage		
School management team		
Prior experience in PO		
School support		
Properly trained		
School time arrangeme	nt	

Initial resistance to the observer and observee role is moderated by teaching experience and feeling properly trained, with additional variables moderating resistance towards being observed.

THIRD AIM: THE EFFECT OF DEMOGRAPHIC VARIABLES AND PERCEPTION OF SCHOOL SUPPORT AND ROLE PERFORMANCE IN TEACHERS' FINAL RESISTANCE TO RPO Final resistance to both roles is moderated by initial resistance, teaching experience, and variables referring to judging oneself and the partner as capable of successfully participating in the intervention.

Initial resistance

Gender
Years teaching
Educational stage
School management team
Prior experience in PO

Properly trained
School time arrangement

Perception of role performance

Role of observer doubles in Role of observer deserver in Role of observer in Role of

# DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

Reciprocal peer observation can become a sustainable, effective intervention for the improvement of teaching practice, as long as teacher resistance is carefully addressed.



This emphasises the **vital role of training before the intervention**, in order to understand that the observer is not going to disrupt the class, will follow the agreed observation indicators, and will be able to offer helpful feedback.